IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT SITKA

VALORIE L. and CONNOR K. NELSON, individually, and KEYSTONE ASSOCIATES, INC.,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CITY AND BOROUGH OF SITKA, S&S GENERAL CONTRACTORS and EQUIPMENT RENTAL, INC., and JOHN ROGER SUDNIKOVICH, individually,

Defendants.

FILED in the Trial Courts

State of Alaska, First District

Sitka

JAM 2 4 1994

Clerk of the Trial Courts

By

- Deputy

No. 1SI-92-440 CI

STIPULATION FOR JUDGMENT AND ORDER

The above parties have reached agreement in settlement of their differences. This agreement was reached with assistance of counsel following a lengthy discussion on January 20, 1994, and January 21, 1994. Nelson as used herein refers to all plaintiffs, City, as used herein, refers to the City and Borough of Sitka, and S&S refers to S&S General Contractors and Equipment Rental, Inc, and John Roger Sudnikovich. Judgment may be entered on the following terms:

24

1

2

3

4

_5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

I. Scope of this agreement:

The intent of the parties is to resolve all differences arising out of ownership and use of Lot 1A, U.S. Survey 3670, and Lots 61A, 62A, and Lots 56A, B, and C, U.S. Survey 3475. This agreement shall not be construed to apply to any other real property.

The scope of this settlement includes, but is not limited to:

(1) the above entitled case, (2) any pending appeal by plaintiffs

from the Planning and Zoning Commission or Platting Board to the

City & Borough of Sitka Assembly, and any appeal from the Assembly

or the Assembly sitting as a Board of Adjustment to the Superior

Court, and (3) the existing conditional use process for Lot 1A and

the proposed conditional use permit for the rock crusher.

The parties agree as follows:

1. Hours of Operation:

From March through October of each year, S&S General Contractors (S&S) shall conduct its operations from 7:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., Monday through Thursday. From November through February of each year S&S shall conduct its operations from 7:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday. It is recognized that the demand for product and weather may vary these hours and days of operation. These hours do not include the earlier starting of equipment in

STIPULATION FOR JUDGMENT Nelson v City and Sudnikovich 1SI-92-440 CI

,

 These hours do not include the earlier starting of equipment in preparation for work.

In the event that S&S obtains the contract for Thompson Harbor, or in the case of barge activities or any other similar contracts, these hours and days of operation may be modified.

S&S shall employ reasonable efforts to minimize the impact of its operations on the Nelsons' use and reasonable enjoyment of their property.

S&S will not operate on Sundays except for emergencies and occasional barge activity.

(2) Good Faith:

All parties realize that the future needs of S&S's business is uncertain but that mutual respect for S&S's business needs and Nelsons' quality of life needs can be made compatible with good faith effort. For example, S&S will talk with truck drivers hauling to and from their rock quarry in a way that will eliminate unnecessary use of compression brakes on their trucks so that noise will be reduced. These compression brakes are a significant cause of noise. S&S and Nelson agree that this problem will receive special attention.

(3) Dust:

S&S has installed a fog nozzle on their rock crusher for the purpose of keeping down the dust generated by the rock crusher. S&S shall maintain this device in good working order so long as the rock crusher is in operation and shall use reasonable efforts to reduce the dust. It is understood some dust is inherent in S&S's operation.

(4) Rock Crusher:

The rock crusher shall be moved. If S&S does not obtain the Thomsen Harbor contract then rock will be taken from an area behind the crusher with the crusher to be moved no later than October 1, 1994. This will permit the rock crusher to be moved back away from the highway and Nelson's home so that the noise will be reduced. However, if S&S obtains the Thomsen Harbor contract then the need will be for shot rock rather than crushed rock and the effect will be to minimize the use of the rock crusher which would remain in its present location until the Thomsen Harbor contract is done and to be moved by August 30, 1995.

(5) Truck Traffic:

The alleged noise and dust generated by truck traffic related to S&S business has affected use of Nelson's property and their enjoyment of their property. S&S will construct a ramp, at their

STIPULATION FOR JUDGMENT Nelson v City and Sudnikovich 1SI-92-440 CI

والمسار والمنظور

cost, by June 30, 1994, providing more direct access to the AML barge loading area. This will reduce the trucks going by Nelsons' property. This ramp will be constructed without regard to whether or not S&S obtains the Thomsen Harbor job.

(6) Future Operation of the Rock Quarry:

Nelsons would be better able to plan the use of their land if they knew how long the quarry operation would continue. The parties have discussed how long it would take to extract rock from Lot 1A. The estimate of rock available is approximately 500,000 cubic yards. The estimate of how long this will support a commercial rock quarry depends on the demand. The Thomsen Harbor job will need approximately 277,000 cubic yards. Without the Thomsen Harbor contract the demand for rock from S&S's quarry is uncertain.

When all the rock, estimated at 500,000 cubic yards have been extracted and used, quarry operations on Lot 1A, U.S. Survey 3670 will cease.

(7) Noise:

The alleged noise from the rock quarry is produced by the rock crusher, drilling, blasting, equipment, and truck operation. The level of noise varies with weather and wind. City and S&S will

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

pay \$9,000.00 to Nelsons for noise remediation by February 27, 1994.

(8) Drilling and Blasting:

All drilling equipment operated by S&S shall have properly installed and maintained mufflers.

S&S shall give 6 hours notice to Nelsons of any blasting of rock. Notice may be either oral or written. If an emergency exists or Nelsons are not at home then such good faith efforts of such notice will be sufficient.

(9) Information Sharing:

S&S operations are monitored by various government agencies: Bureau of Mines, OSHA, City & Borough of Sitka, etc. S&S shall give to Nelsons copies, on request, of these reports that he has so they may monitor S&S compliance with these standards.

It is recognized that Nelsons may contact the regulatory authorities independently for this information if that information is not available from and provided by S&S.

(10) Conditional Use Permit:

S&S shall apply for a Conditional Use Permit for the rock crusher in addition to the application now pending as to use of Lot 1A for extraction of rock. Nelsons shall not oppose or appeal the

issuance of the Conditional Use Permits consistent with this agreement.

The City & Borough of Sitka shall monitor and enforce that use permit, or any other law, in the same manner as with other use permits.

(11) Compliance:

S&S operations shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations.

Parties agree to contact each other before contacting any governmental agency.

(12) Enforcement:

The intent of the parties is that this judgment of the Superior Court be capable of enforcement by either party at any time in the future that this agreement remains in effect.

The procedure to be followed by the parties is that if any party believes a serious violation has occurred then a petition for enforcement can be filed with the Superior Court.

This petition for enforcement must allege a serious violation of the judgment.

The burden of proof is on the petitioner to show by a preponderance of the evidence that a serious violation has occurred.

l

2

4

. 6

9

10 11

12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19 ·

21

22 23

24

25

A serious violation is one that is continuous and materially impacts those issues intended to be resolved by this agreement.

The petitioner shall give written notice to the other party detailing the alleged violation. Upon receipt of said notice, the other party shall commence, complete, and cure within 15 business days the alleged violation, or in the event the violation cannot be cured within the 15 days, both parties shall agree to a reasonable time to cure the violation. It is understood that matters beyond the control of the parties shall extend the time required to cure the violation. In the event the violation is not cured within the time period, then petitioner may file its petition.

The petition must also allege that the claimed violation has not been corrected.

The petition must also allege that the moving party has acted reasonably and in good faith in the matter constituting the alleged violation.

(13) Public Communication

No communication to the public media of any kind shall be made by the parties, directly or indirectly without consent of all parties.

The purpose of this restriction is to avoid mistaken characterization of the agreement or any other conduct that will

STIPULATION FOR JUDGINENT Nelson v City and Sudnikovich 1SI-92-440 CI exacerbate the unfortunate differences arising between the parties. DATED at Sitka, Alaska, this 21st/day of January, 1994. Stéphen F. Sorensen Nelson Valorie Attorney for Plaintiffs Plaintiff Connor K. Nelson Individually and on behalf of Keystone Associates Theron J. ⊈ole Sudnikovich, Attorney for City & Borough Individually and on behalf of of Sixka S&S General Contractors and Equipment Rental, Inc. Stahla Α. Attorney for Defendants S&S General/Contractors and John Roger Sudnikovich IT IS SO ORDERED DATED this 24st day of January, 1994. CERTIFICATION Zep√vos Larry Superior Court Judge a true copy of this document was placed in attorney's box/mailed to the following: STIPULATION FOR JUDGMENT Nelson v City and Sudnikovich 1SI-92-440 CI

Alaska Court System

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

9